

**Oligo(dT) Generated Complementary DNA from *Schistosoma mansoni*, Strain NMRI, Cercariae**

**Catalog No. NR-48857**

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**For research use only. Not for use in humans.**

**Contributor and Manufacturer:**

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**Product Description:**

Complementary DNA (cDNA) was synthesized from total RNA extracted from *Schistosoma mansoni* (*S. mansoni*), strain NMRI, cercariae, using the ProtoScript<sup>®</sup> II First Strand cDNA Synthesis Kit (New England BioLabs<sup>®</sup>). The kit provides an anchored oligo-[d(T)<sub>23</sub>VN] primer which forces the primer to anneal to the beginning of the poly(A) tail increasing the yield of 3' end poly(A)-primed cDNAs.<sup>1</sup>

*S. mansoni*, strain NMRI was isolated in the 1940s from infected Puerto Rican school children.<sup>2</sup> *S. mansoni* is a species of trematode worm which causes the chronic parasitic disease Schistosomiasis.

**Material Provided:**

Each vial of NR-48857 contains a variable amount of cDNA in DNase/RNase-free distilled water. The concentration is shown on the Certificate of Analysis. The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

**Packaging/Storage:**

NR-48857 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen on dry ice and should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

**Citation:**

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was provided by the NIAID Schistosomiasis Resource Center for distribution through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Oligo(dT) Generated Complementary DNA from *Schistosoma mansoni*, Strain NMRI, Cercariae, NR-48857."

**Biosafety Level: 1**

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. [Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories \(BMBL\)](#). 6th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2020.

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**References:**

1. Nam, D. K., et al. "Oligo(dT) Primer Generates a High Frequency of Truncated cDNAs Through Internal Poly(A) Priming During Reverse Transcription." [Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA](#) 9 (2002): 6152-6156. PubMed: 11972056.
2. Tucker, M. S., Head Schistosomiasis Laboratory and Principal Investigator (prior to 2015), Biomedical Research Institute, Personal Communication.

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