

Human Respiratory Syncytial Virus, A1997/12-35

Catalog No. NR-28527

Product Description:

Human respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), A1997/12-35 was isolated from a nasal wash from an infant with RSV bronchiolitis in Nashville, Tennessee, USA, on December 22, 1997. NR-28527 lot 70039171 was produced by infecting *Homo sapiens* carcinoma cells (HEp-2; ATCC® CCL-23™) and incubating in Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium (ATCC® 30-2003™) supplemented with 2% fetal bovine serum (ATCC® 30-2020™) for 11 days at 37°C with 5% CO₂.

Passage History:

HEp-2(11)/HEp-2(14) (Prior to deposit at BEI Resources/BEI Resources); HEp-2 = *Homo sapiens* carcinoma cells

Lot: 70039171

Manufacturing Date: 20OCT2020

TEST	SPECIFICATIONS	RESULTS
Identification by Infectivity in HEp-2 Cells	Cell rounding, syncytia formation and detachment	Cell rounding, syncytia formation and detachment
Identification by Direct Fluorescent Antibody (DFA) Assay ¹	Fluorescence observed	Fluorescence observed
Sequencing of Species-Specific Region (700 nucleotides)	≥ 98% identity with RSV, A1997/12-35 (GenBank: JX069800.1)	100% identity with RSV, A1997/12-35 (GenBank: JX069800.1)
Titer by TCID ₅₀ Assay in HEp-2 Cells by DFA Readout ^{1,2} (9 days at 37°C with 5% CO ₂)	Report results	5.0 × 10 ⁴ TCID ₅₀ per mL
Amplification of RSV Sequence by RT-PCR	~ 900 base pair amplicon	~ 900 base pair amplicon
Sterility (21-day incubation) Harpo's HTYE broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic ³ Trypticase Soy broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sabouraud broth, 37°C and 26°C, aerobic Sheep blood agar, 37°C, aerobic Sheep blood agar, 37°C, anaerobic Thioglycollate broth, 37°C, anaerobic DMEM with 10% FBS, 37°C, aerobic	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth	No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth No growth
Mycoplasma Contamination Agar and broth culture (14-day incubation at 37°C) DNA detection by PCR of extracted Test Article nucleic acid	None detected None detected	None detected None detected

¹Using Light Diagnostics™ Anti-Respiratory Syncytial Virus FITC Reagent (Millipore® 5022)

²The Tissue Culture Infectious Dose 50% (TCID₅₀) endpoint is the 50% infectious endpoint in cell culture. The TCID₅₀ is the dilution of virus that under the conditions of the assay can be expected to infect 50% of the culture vessels inoculated, just as a Lethal Dose 50% (LD₅₀) is expected to kill half of the animals exposed. A reciprocal of the dilution required to yield the TCID₅₀ provides a measure of the titer (or infectivity) of a virus preparation.

³Atlas, Ronald M. *Handbook of Microbiological Media*. 3rd ed. Ed. Lawrence C. Parks. Boca Raton: CRC Press, 2004, p. 798.

/Heather Couch/

Heather Couch

08 MAR 2021

Program Manager or designee, ATCC Federal Solutions

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