

Product Information Sheet for NR-469

Junin Virus, Candid #1

Catalog No. NR-469

For research use only. Not for human use.

Contributor:

Charles H. Calisher, Ph.D., Department of Microbiology, Immunology and Pathology, College of Veterinary Medicine and Biomedical Sciences, Colorado State University, Fort Collins, Colorado, USA

Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Virus Classification: Arenaviridae, Mammarenavirus

<u>Species</u>: Junin Virus (also referred to as Argentinian mammarenavirus)

Strain/Isolate: Candid #1

Original Source: Junin virus (JUNV), Candid #1 is a vaccine strain that was developed in the late 1980s from JUNV, XJ, which was isolated from the first human infections with JUNV, the causative agent of Argentine Hemorrhagic Fever (AHF).¹ The heavily attenuated vaccine strain, Candid #1, was developed through collaboration by United States Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases (USAMRIID), the Argentinian government and the US National Institutes of Health (NIH) by attenuation through serial passage in guinea pigs, mice and FRhK cells.^{1,2,3}

Comments: The complete genomes of JUNV, Candid #1 segments L and S have been sequenced (GenBank: AY819707 and FJ969442). In order to remove contaminating mycoplasma, the first three viral passages at BEI Resources were performed with PlasmocinTM (InvivoGen), followed by three passages without PlasmocinTM.

Arenaviruses are enveloped negative-sense, single stranded RNA viruses. ^{1,3} JUNV belongs to clade B of the New World group of mammarenaviruses. ³ New World arenaviruses (NWA) are known to be carried in rodents, though recent studies indicate other species may also carry NWA. ⁴ Because JUNV is the causative agent of AHF, it was renamed Argentinian mammarenavirus in 2018. ⁵

The heavily attenuated strain of JUNV, Candid #1 was approved for use as a vaccine in Argentina in 1992.¹ The National Institute of Human Viral Disease (INEVH) in Argentina is now responsible for production of the vaccine for local use.⁴ The vaccine is not approved for use in the US.

Material Provided:

Each vial contains approximately 1 mL of cell lysate and supernatant from *Cercopithecus aethiops* kidney cells infected with JUNV, Candid #1.

<u>Note</u>: If homogeneity is required for your intended use, please purify prior to initiating work.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-469 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -60°C or colder immediately upon arrival. For long-term storage, the vapor phase of a liquid nitrogen freezer is recommended. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Growth Conditions:

<u>Host</u>: Cercopithecus aethiops kidney cells (Vero E6; ATCC[®] CCL-1586™)

Growth Medium: Eagle's Minimum Essential Medium containing Earle's Balanced Salt Solution, non-essential amino acids, 2 mM L-glutamine, 1 mM sodium pyruvate and 1.5 g/L of sodium bicarbonate supplemented with 2% fetal bovine serum, or equivalent

<u>Infection</u>: Cells should be 60% to 80% confluent <u>Incubation</u>: 7 to 14 days at 37°C and 5% CO₂ <u>Cytopathic Effect</u>: Cell rounding and detachment

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Junín Virus, Candid #1, NR-469."

Biosafety Level: 2

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

Disclaimers:

You are authorized to use this product for research use only. It is not intended for human use.

Use of this product is subject to the terms and conditions of the BEI Resources Material Transfer Agreement (MTA). The MTA is available on our Web site at www.beiresources.org.

While BEI Resources uses reasonable efforts to include accurate and up-to-date information on this product sheet, neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government makes any warranties or representations as to its accuracy. Citations from scientific literature and patents are provided for informational purposes only. Neither ATCC® nor the U.S. Government warrants that such information has been confirmed to be accurate.

This product is sent with the condition that you are responsible for its safe storage, handling, use and disposal. ATCC® and the U.S. Government are not liable for any damages or injuries arising from receipt and/or use of this product. While reasonable effort is made to ensure authenticity and reliability of materials on deposit, the U.S. Government, ATCC®, their suppliers and contributors to BEI Resources are not liable for damages arising from the misidentification or misrepresentation of products.

BEI Resources www.beiresources.org E-mail: contact@beiresources.org

Tel: 800-359-7370 Fax: 703-365-2898



Product Information Sheet for NR-469

Use Restrictions:

This material is distributed for internal research, non-commercial purposes only. This material, its product or its derivatives may not be distributed to third parties. Except as performed under a U.S. Government contract, individuals contemplating commercial use of the material, its products or its derivatives must contact the contributor to determine if a license is required. U.S. Government contractors may need a license before first commercial sale.

References:

- York, J. and J. H. Nunberg. "Epistastic Interactions within the Junín Virus Envelope Glycoprotein Complex Provide an Evolutionary Barrier to Reversion in the Live-Attenuated Candid #1 Vaccine." <u>J. Virol.</u> 92 (2018): e01682-17. PubMed: 29070682.
- Madu, I. G., et al. "A Potent Lassa Virus Antiviral Targets an Arenavirus Virulence Determinant." <u>PLoS Pathog.</u> 14 (2018): e1007439. PubMed: 30576397.
- Hallam, S. J., et al. "Review of Mammarenavirus Biology and Replication." <u>Front. Microbiol.</u> 9 (2018): 1751. PubMed: 30123198.
- Stephan, B. I., M. E. Lozano and S. E. Goñi. "Watching Every Step of the Way: Junín Virus Attenuation Markers in the Vaccine Lineage." <u>Curr. Genomics</u> 14 (2013): 415-424. PubMed: 24396274.
- 5. ICTV Taxonomy-History

ATCC[®] is a trademark of the American Type Culture Collection.

BEI Resources www.beiresources.org E-mail: contact@beiresources.org
Tel: 800-359-7370

Fax: 703-365-2898