

# **Product Information Sheet for NR-48856**

SUPPORTING INFECTIOUS DISEASE RESEARCH

# Oligo(dT) Generated Complementary DNA from *Schistosoma mansoni*, Strain NMRI, Miracidia

# Catalog No. NR-48856

This reagent is the tangible property of the U.S. Government.

# For research use only. Not for human use.

#### **Contributor and Manufacturer:**

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# **Product Description:**

Complementary DNA (cDNA) was synthesized from RNA extracted from *Schistosoma mansoni* (*S. mansoni*), strain NMRI, miracidia, using the ProtoScript II First Strand cDNA Synthesis Kit (New England BioLabs®). The kit provides an anchored oligo-[d(T)23VN]) primer which forces the primer to anneal to the beginning of the polyA tail increasing the yield of 3´ end poly(A)-primed cDNAs.¹

S. mansoni, strain NMRI was isolated in the 1940s from infected Puerto Rican school children.<sup>2</sup> S. mansoni is a species of trematode worm which causes the chronic parasitic disease Schistosomiasis.

#### **Material Provided:**

Each vial of NR-48856 contains approximately 1  $\mu g$  of cDNA. The concentration is shown on the Certificate of Analysis. The vial should be centrifuged prior to opening.

## Packaging/Storage:

NR-48856 was packaged in cryovials. The product is provided frozen and should be stored at -20°C or colder upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be minimized.

#### Citation

Acknowledgment for publications should read "The following reagent was provided by the NIAID Schistosomiasis Resource Center for distribution through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Oligo(dT) Generated Complementary DNA from *Schistosoma mansoni*, Strain NMRI, Miracidia, NR-48856."

## Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/index.htm.

#### **Disclaimers:**

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#### References:

- Nam, D. K., et al. "Oligo(dT) Primer Generates a High Frequency of Truncated cDNAs Through Internal Poly(A) Priming During Reverse Transcription." <u>Proc. Natl. Acad.</u> <u>Sci. USA</u> 9 (2002): 6152-6156. PubMed: 11972056.
- Matthew S. Tucker, Head Schistosomiasis Laboratory and Principal Investigator (prior to 2015), Biomedical Research Institute, Personal Communication.

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