

Monoclonal Anti-Botulinum Neurotoxin Type E, Clone E7F4.7A (produced *in vitro*)

Catalog No. NR-20819

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Contributor:

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Manufacturer:

BEI Resources

Product Description:

Antibody Class: IgG1κ

Mouse monoclonal antibody prepared against the type E neurotoxin of *Clostridium botulinum* (*C. botulinum*) was purified from clone E7F4.7A hybridoma supernatant by protein G affinity chromatography. The B cell hybridoma was generated by the fusion of NSO mouse myeloma cells with splenocytes from mice immunized by intraperitoneal and intravenous injection with *C. botulinum* neurotoxin type E (BoNT/E) toxin and toxoid.¹

C. botulinum are anaerobic Gram positive spore-forming bacteria which produce neurotoxins categorized serologically into seven types, A through G.² Four of the seven serotypes cause human botulism with the vast majority of cases due to serotypes A and B.³ BoNT/E is a zinc-binding metalloprotease (holotoxin) that is endogenously cleaved into a heavy (~ 100 kDa) and a light (~ 50 kDa) chain that are held together by a reducible disulfide bond.⁴

Material Provided:

Each vial of NR-20819 contains approximately 100 µL of purified monoclonal antibody in PBS. The concentration, expressed as mg per mL, is shown on the Certificate of Analysis.

Packaging/Storage:

NR-20819 was packaged aseptically in screw-capped plastic vials and is provided frozen on dry ice. The product should be stored at -20°C or colder immediately upon arrival. Freeze-thaw cycles should be avoided.

Functional Activity:

NR-20819 reacts with the heavy chain of botulinum neurotoxin type E in western blot assays. The antibody is also reported to be useful for ELISA, RIA, flow cytometry, immunocytochemistry, immunohistochemistry, and immunoprecipitation.¹

Citation:

Acknowledgment for publications should read “The following reagent was obtained through BEI Resources, NIAID, NIH: Monoclonal Anti-Botulinum Neurotoxin Type E, Clone E7F4.7A (produced *in vitro*), NR-20819.”

Biosafety Level: 1

Appropriate safety procedures should always be used with this material. Laboratory safety is discussed in the following publication: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and National Institutes of Health. Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories. 5th ed. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2009; see www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmb15/index.htm.

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References:

1. Mukherjee, J. M., personal communication.
2. Lindström, M. and H. Korkeala. “Laboratory Diagnostics of Botulism.” Clin. Microbiol. Rev. 19 (2006): 298-314. PubMed: 16614251.

3. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. "Botulism in the United States, 1899-1996. Handbook for Epidemiologists, Clinicians, and Laboratory Workers." Atlanta, Georgia (1998). Downloadable at <http://www.bt.cdc.gov/agent/botulism/index.asp>.
4. Sathyamoorthy, V. and B. R. DasGupta. "Separation, Purification, Partial Characterization and Comparison of the Heavy and Light Chains of Botulinum Neurotoxin Types A, B, and E." *J. Biol. Chem.* 260 (1985): 10461-10466. PubMed: 4030755.

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